

The Weekly Louisianian.

"REPUBLICAN AT ALL TIMES, AND UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES."

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE REGULAR REPUBLICAN PARTY OF LOUISIANA.

VOLUME 2.

The Louisianian.

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M. G. BROWN, ---Editor.

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Circulars, Programmes, General Cards, Posters, etc., etc., guaranteed to give general satisfaction to all who wish to secure our services.

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POLITICAL NOTICES.

Registration.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Office of State Registrar of Voters,
New Orleans, Sept. 2, 1872.

In conformity with the provisions of section twenty of an act of the General Assembly of Louisiana, entitled "An act to provide for the revision and correction of the lists of registered voters of the State, etc.", approved March 16, 1870, notice is hereby given that the offices of the Assistant Supervisors of Registration of the several election precincts of the parish of Orleans, are now open for the revision and correction of the lists of registered voters of the parish of Orleans, and will remain open until SATURDAY, October 26, 1872, Sundays and legal holidays excepted.

Office hours from 7 a.m. until 12 m.,

and from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m.

All qualified electors of the parish of Orleans who were not registered in 1870, and who now desire to register, and all voters registered in 1870 who have removed from the election precinct in which they resided must make application for registry to the Assistant Supervisor of Registration for the precinct in which they now reside.

All registered voters who have changed their place of residence within the election precinct in which they were registered in 1870 are notified to appear at the office of the Assistant Supervisor of Registration for the precinct and have such change noted upon the registry books and upon their certificates of registration.

The following is a list of the boundaries of the several election precincts, and the location of the registration office in each precinct:

FIRST ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by Felicity Road, Thalia st. and Mississippi river. Office: No. 378 St. Charles, between Caliroo and Clio streets.

SECOND ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by Thalia street, Julia street, Mississippi river and rear of city.

Office: No. 313 St. Charles, between Caliroo and Clio streets.

THIRD ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by Julia street, Canal street, Mississippi river and rear of city.

Office: No. 245 Poydras, between Dryades and Rampart streets.

FOURTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by Canal street, St. Louis st., Mississippi river and rear of city.

Office: Corner of Customhouse and Villere streets.

FIFTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by St. Louis street, St. Phillip street, Mississippi river and rear of city.

Office: Orleans street, between Villere and Robertson streets.

SIXTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by St. Philip street, Esplanade street, Mississippi river and Lake Pontchartrain.

Office: Corner of Hospital and Bourbon street.

SEVENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by Esplanade street, Elysian Fields street, Mississippi river and Lake Pontchartrain.

Office: Corner of Dauphine and Union streets.

EIGHTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by Elysian Fields street, La-

yette avenue, Mississippi river and Lake Pontchartrain.

Office: No. 456 Dauphine street, between Marais and Villere streets.

NINTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by St. Philip street, Esplanade street, Mississippi river and Lake Pontchartrain.

Office: Corner of Hospital and Bourbon street.

TENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by Felicity road, First street and Mississippi river.

Office: No. 143 St. Andrew street, corner of Annunciation street.

ELEVENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by First street, Toledo street and the Mississippi river.

Office: Magazine street, between Berlin and Milan streets.

TWELFTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by Toledo street, Napoleon avenue and the Mississippi river.

Office: Magazine street, between Berlin and Milan streets.

THIRTEENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by Napoleon avenue, Peters avenue, Mississippi river.

Office: corner of Magazine and Napoleon avenue.

FOURTEENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

Bounded by Peters avenue, lower line of Carrollton, Mississippi river and rear of city.

Office: Clay avenue, between Laurel and Market streets.

FIFTEENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.

All that portion of the parish of Orleans upon the right bank of the Mississippi river.

Office: Courthouse, Algiers.

B. P. BLANCHARD,

State Registrar of Voters and Supervisor of Registration, parish of Orleans.

I See Ulysses Straight.

BY FARMER REYNOLDS.

I hasn't got heaps of larin',
An' I seldom argy well,
But I sorter form opinions,
Which I hasn't afraid to tell;
So I says it square and open,
Without fear of small or great,
And goes Ulysses straight.

They talk about "reformin'."
And say our party is split,
That Greeley's awful honest,
And Grant hasn't any grit—
I hear them shudder bawlin',
And I sees their crooked gait,
But I turns my back on Horace,
And I goes Ulysses straight.

I can't see how a feller
Can mix with Jeff and sich;
Why, I shun these cussed critters
As if they had the itch!
And I'll never vote their ticket,
Nor knuckle to their hate,
But I'll think of murdered Lincoln
While I goes Ulysses straight.

I kinder get confounded
When I hears the mongrel shout,
When I larn how Blair and Summer
Want to turn our leader out;
But I never fumked or unnered,
And I'm loyal up to date,
For I stands by the loyal party,
And I goes Ulysses straight.

I can't explain the taxes,
But I've seen the niggers free,
And votin' 'gin their masters
Is right enough for me;
I ain't a cussed bulldog,
To swallow rebel bait,
But I keeps the side of freedom,
And I goes Ulysses straight.

I recon Horace Greeley
Don't expect to get my vote,
But I never was a traitor,
A turn-coat or qfag.
A chap that's double-sided,
Whatever's in his pate,
Aint fit to be a president,
So I goes Ulysses straight.

I can't forget them battles,
Nor the trials we had,
And accept as blessed angels
Men proven false and bad:
And I think our noble nation
Would meet a fearful fate
If hands once raised again her,
So I goes Ulysses straight.

I wasn't much on fightin',
But I gin the pats their due,
And I backs the dauntless chieftain,
Who led our boys in blie.
I won't eat crow or possum,
Nor have it on my plate,
For I loves a loyal diet,
So I goes Ulysses straight.

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COLORED MEN, IS PUBLISHED
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NEW ORLEANS, LA.

W.M. G. BROWN, Editor and Publisher

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1872.

The "Louisianian" is for sale at
C. C. HALEY'S, No. 19 Commercial Alley,
and No. 153 Poydras street.

OUR CANDIDATES.



FOR PRESIDENT IN 1872,

U. S. GRANT,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HENRY WILSON,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—STATE AT LARGE

Dr. M. F. Bonzano, Orleans.
Julia Labaree.
Chas. E. Halstead, Doerville.
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

1st Dr. L. C. Roudanez, Orleans.
2nd A. K. Johnson, Ascension.
3rd Milton Morris, Caddo.
4th Br. Joseph Taylor, Caddo.
5th R. L. Brooks, Catahoula.

UNITED REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

AGREED UPON BY THE TWO STATE
CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEES
REPRESENTING THE
REPUBLICAN PARTY
OF LOUISIANA.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WM. PITKELLOGG,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
C. C. ANTOINE,
OF CADDO.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
P. G. DESLONDRE,
OF IBERVILLE.

FOR AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS,
C. W. CLINTON,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
A. P. FIELDS,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC EDUCATION,
WILLIAM G. BROWN,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR CONGRESS—STATE AT LARGE,
P. B. S. PINCHBACK,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT,
J. HALE SYPER,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR CONGRESS—SECOND DISTRICT,
L. A. SHELDON,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR CONGRESS—THIRD DISTRICT,
THOS. H. NOLAND,
OF IBERVILLE.

FOR CONGRESS—FOURTH DISTRICT,
HARRY LOTT,
OF RAPIDES—Long Term.

SAMUEL PETERS,
OF CADDO—Short Term.

FOR CONGRESS—FIFTH DISTRICT,
FRANK MOREY
OF OUACHITA.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR CORONER.

We are authorized to announce as
THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE FOR CORONER OF THE
SECOND AND THIRD DISTRICTS, PARISH OF
OUACHITA.

Louis P. Pijoux,
Subject to the ratification of the Republi-
can Party of Louisiana.

INDEPENDENT REPUB-
LICANS.

This is another of those vagaries that sometimes afflict the wayward and willful. Mr. Thomas Isabelle has issued a call for a Convention of the above people. All Republicans are independent, and in what Mr. Isabelle's crowd is to differ from other Republicans we are puzzled to imagine. What these gentlemen propose to say or to do is "past finding out."

What they can do we know well enough. They can't attract and collect a crowd large enough to even distract any of the parties in activity now, and they can't therefore deserve nor command any "conference" or show of a compromise. The truth is they are not a party and there is no time for Republicans to fool with "will o' the wisp" concerns. They have earnest and pressing work to do, and if Mr. Isabelle and his few friends want to do any good to the race and State and country let them for once make a virtue of stern necessity and take the best they can get—or if not, accept the alternative and vote for McEnery.

USE AND ABUSE OF THE PISTOL.

The community has again been startled from its propriety by another deed of blood. Patrolman Bennett, while on duty on Wednesday last, shot, and instantly killed a brother patrolman McCormick, off duty, near the Registration Office in the Second Ward of this City. The accused claims to have acted under apprehension that the deceased who was abusing and threatening him would shoot him as he made a motion as if to draw a weapon. But as far as has yet appeared, whether this be so or not, deceased ran away after the first "snap" of Bennett's pistol, but accused fired two or three shots one of which struck McCormick in the heart. Accused is locked up in the first precinct station.

The Times commenting on this affair on Thursday says:

"We trust that this will be another lesson to our authorities in regard to putting arms on the police. Take away those deadly revolvers and thus remove the temptation to use them on every occasion."

We hope it will be no such thing. The argument against the use of a thing on account of its occasional abuse is so fallacious as only to need mention to secure refutation. Why is not the use of strychnine and morphine prohibited? Don't people poison themselves with them? Why are razors and knives not forbidden? don't people cut their own and other people's throats with them? We admit it is lamentable that the condition of the community should be such as to require that men, charged with the preservation of the peace, and the patrolling neighborhoods infested with drunken, reckless, dangerous thieves and cut throats, and at all hours of the day and night exposed to peril, should be so equipped, but it is absolutely necessary, that if they have to deal with dangerous characters, they should have some show of protecting their own lives from the assassin.

It is deplorable that too many men forget the only purpose for which arms are given them, as we have had instances of a fleeing thief, a running boy, or an escaping prisoner being shot. If our big contemporary would lecture the policemen on the purpose of arming them, if he would urge on the police authorities the necessity of impressing on the minds of policemen that the arms they carry are only and exclusively to save their own lives when placed in imminent peril, if he would endeavor to create in the popular mind a greater degree of respect for the "policemen," if he would advocate the stringent enforcement of the law against carrying concealed weapons we could cordially "clasp hands," (if he would let us) but we can't join in the clamor to "disarm" the police. And after all it may turn out that patrolman Bennett had fair and just grounds for apprehension, and may have truly, as he has stated in his cell, acted on the spur of the moment believing from McCormick's language and conduct, that he was armed, and meant to do him mischief.

ACTIVITY.—"And nightly to the listening" crowds are Republican orators delivering their most thrilling speeches in the various clubs all over the city and parish of Orleans, and as the election approaches popular interest and activity are justly becoming intensified. Vigilance is aroused in the registration matter, and there is no doubt that the full strength of the Republican party in the parish of Orleans will be out and voters, in possession of their papers, and if they are not, and the fact of each deprivation of the right should be officially recorded and preserved, why, contingencies may arise in which such things might be useful.

MAJOR ROBINSON.—This gentleman, who was removed from the office of Police Commissioner by (then) acting Governor Pinchback appointed Mr. Brown. The Major himself entitled to the office, and so he goes to the persuading Judge of the Eighth and wants Mr. Brown to be told to "get out." Judge Dibble has told Mr. Brown to let the Major alone, or, etc. As this funeral is other people's, we only note the facts.

PROGRESS OF THE CAMPAIGN.

From every portion of the State, where the campaigning parties of the Republican party have been and addressed the people on the momentous issues agitating the State and Nation, comes the cheering intelligence that the people are alive to the nature and importance of the crisis, and are resolved that on election day "every man will do his duty" and put his ballot in the box unscratched for Grant and Wilson, Kellogg and Antoine and the whole State ticket.

In the work of registration lies the only forlorn hope of our adversaries to defeat the Republican party in November. Rumors of embarrassments, neglects, refusals and a number of other difficulties offered by various registrars in the City and some of the parishes, are rife, and we have every reason to believe many of these true, but we do not believe that with a clear majority of fifteen to twenty thousand Republicans in this State, there can be manipulation or rascality enough perpetrated to defeat us at the polls. Beyond all doubt every advantage will be used against us, every appliance that Republicans originated to aid themselves will be turned against them, and that too by the very men whom they were entrusted for execution, and the veterans themselves, snatched from obscurity and poverty, and elevated to prominence and wealth, will doubtless aid in the base and ungrateful work of smiting the hand that fed them. But if the true and unfaltering Republicans will be additionally nerved for the encounter and that too by the recollection of the deep, deep wrongs our party is suffering at the hands of ingrates, "We may be happy yet."

EVEN SO WELL TAKE IT.

The last number of the *Atakapas Register* contains a contributed article discussing the two tickets and the two sets of principles represented by the respective candidates on each ticket. After a good deal of placid argument with himself, the writer concludes:

"There is a Republican ticket in the field; no smell of Bourbon about it and the best thing Customhouse, Pinchback, and Liberal Republicans can do, is to rally around it, to a man. We face a common and implacable foe; we are bound together by great and common interests—and it is absolutely necessary for us to make a common and united effort. The struggle has commenced, the fight has begun; no time for preparation now. If brother stand by brother, all will end well; if the house be divided, "it will fall." We cannot afford to differ any longer about our National ticket, for the Bourbons are facing us there too. Greeley is not so important as the "cause," and although we prefer him, as a civilian, to Grant, we are willing and ready to let Greeley go, rather than see Republicanism even badly scoured. Kellogg is a thousand times preferable to the anti-slavery McEnery, while Grant, with all his faults, is better than any living Democrat. Away with all thoughts of conciliation—"stop all such," tomfoolery"—let us unite, and conquer."

This is precisely what we would counsel and it don't matter much by what process of reasoning we arrive at our conclusions, so long as they are identical, so long as we get enough men, with hard common sense enough to say "stop all tomfoolery, let us unite and conquer," we shake hands across every chasm and falling into line form a serried legion that will irresistibly march to triumph. Come along with us brother "Liberal" and brother Bentely, and "we will you good for" &c.

BUT Auditor Graham had his property distrained, early in this week, by Judge Cooley, sitting in the Eighth District Court, to satisfy judgments against him in his official capacity; but closely following on the heels of this measure, came Tuesday morning a writ of prohibition from the Supreme Court commanding the Eighth to desist from further interference with the Auditor until the Supreme Court shall have disposed of an appeal in the case now before that tribunal. Mr. Graham was set at liberty and his property released from the custody of the Sheriff. So far then the Auditor is in no danger of being compelled to pass his time within the walls of the Parish Prison, and the assessors will have to possess their souls in patience till the meeting of the Supreme Court. Judge Howell grants the writ. The Republican claims the credit of showing Mr. Graham's counsel "how to do it."

THE period for the selection of "under which king" the inhabitants of Alsace and Lorraine, the provinces captured from France by the Germans during the late war, should live; whether they would remain in their old homes and become subjects of the German Emperor, or quit and choose another sovereign having arrived, thousands of voluntary exiles left these territories on October 1st, for France, while the French papers commended the event by sending many of their papers out in mourning.

GRAND COMBINATION FAIR.

ENOUGH TO CHOOSE FROM.

According to announcement the Fair and Festival given in aid of the Orphans' Home Society, commenced at the Mechanics' Institute on Wednesday evening, October 2d. Through the exertions of a number of ladies, the large hall of the House of Representatives has been beautifully decorated, and the tables, each representing a separate department, tastefully arranged and supplied with the "thousand and one" articles, one of which is sure to induce you to "go down into your pockets" to procure for some thing for some present of absent ones. The patronage has been very satisfactory we are informed, and we have no doubt that the originators and managers will be satisfied with the result of their labors.

The object for which this entertainment is given, is to aid the "Orphans' Home," a splendid pile of buildings erected some years since, in the parish of St. Mary, but the lack of funds to efficiently carry on the work of protecting and training orphans, irrespective of race, color, or nationality, and the pressing need of such institutions in our midst, prompted the Board of Managers to appeal in the present form to the charity and benevolence of the people of Louisiana for aid.

The noble purpose, the broad ground, and the catholicity of the

REFORM CONVENTION.

RE-O rganization.

BY HON. O. H. BREWSTER.

By latest advices from Monroe, we rejoice to learn that the parish of Ouachita and the Congressional district will go largely Republican in the approaching elections.

This is cheering news, and it is gratifying to learn of the prominent part taken in the canvass by the gentleman whose name heads this article. At a large and enthusiastic meeting held recently in one of the clubs of the parish, Mr. Brewster delivered an elaborate and highly interesting address justifying the attachment of colored men of Louisiana to Republicanism, on the ground of the treatment of this race by the Democrats in the first Legislative enactments and general treatment of the negroes of this State after the war was over.

In the other departments, candidates abounded "thick as leaves in Vallambrosa." For Civil Sheriff, six nominations; for Criminal Sheriff, six; District Attorney, seven; Coronor, first, fourth fifth and sixth districts, sixteen; Coronor, second and third districts, twelve; and so on through the task the members went, the only exception to this prodigality being in the selection of candidates for the District Judges. There are eight judges to be elected and only twelve names put up. After the transaction of some unimportant business, the Convention adjourned to Friday at noon.

MAHOMET AND THE MOUNTAIN.

THE "CHIEF" INDEPENDENT.

The above is the caption of an article in the *Donaldsonville Chief*. Our rural, but not verdant contemporary can no longer go with the illiberal Democracy. They won't even treat his paper as they do their own. He is too easily dissatisfied, disappointed and disgusted. Read what he says:

"We drop the fusion ticket from the head of columns this week, for reasons satisfactory to ourselves, and we hope to our readers.

"In the first place, while the New Orleans papers are paid for inserting the ticket as for an advertisement, the *Chief* must do it gratuitously or not at all. We chose the latter alternative.

"Secondly, as we intimated in a previous article, the ticket is by no means such a one as we desire to see chosen, and does not represent the intent or spirit of the National Liberal movement, which we support. The *Chief* is, as it claims to be, a Liberal Republican newspaper, and hence can not consistently lend its undivided efforts to secure the success of candidates who stand upon a Democratic platform of principles as enunciated by the Democratic Central Committee.

"The fact of our refusing to adhere to the Fusion ticket as a whole, must not be construed as indicating that we will support Grant and Kellogg," the recognition of the

reasons why they are so bound must urge the white people of the people in the South—when the two races will work together for the good of all, in peace and harmony. I believe the next election will show that Democracy is changing for the better, that a large number are coming a little nearer to our faith than ever before, but they will have to produce a much better record than that I have shown to-day, before they can expect the support of the colored voters of the State.

"The colored people will not come to them." Is there not abundant cause for colored people to refuse to entrust their civil and political status to the safe keeping of a party that in its every breath, curses, denounces, excludes and proscribes them? Certainly there is, and if the thinking planters confess that the negroes are bound to support Grant and Kellogg, and in order to do this, we are not their sworn enemies, they intend to vote with them. By this means they hope to unify the people of all classes, so that hereafter men will vote according to color, as both classes have done heretofore.

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THE NEW ORLEANS WEEKLY LOUISIANIAN.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
Louisianian.

In the endeavor to establish another Republican journal in New Orleans, the proprietors of the *Louisianian*, propose to fill a necessity which has been long, and sometimes painfully-felt to exist. In the transition state of our people, in their struggling efforts to attain that position in the Body Politic, which we conceive to be their due, it is regarded that much information, guidance, encouragement, counsel and reproof have been lost, in consequence of the lack of a medium, through which these deficiencies might be supplied. We shall strive to make the *Louisianian* a desideratum in these respects.

POLICY.

As our motto indicates, the *Louisianian* shall be "Republians of all times and under all circumstances." We shall advocate the security and enjoyment of broad civil liberty, the absolute equality of all men before the law, and an impartial distribution of honor and patronage to all who merit them.

Desirous of allaying animosities, of obliterating the memory of the bitter past, of promoting harmony and union among all classes and between all in terests, we shall advocate the removal of all political disabilities, foster kindness and forbearance, where malignity and resentment reign, and seek for fairness and justice where wrong and oppression prevailed. Thus united in our aims and objects, we shall conserve our best interests, elevate our noble State, to an enviable position among her sister States, by the development of her immeasurable resources, and secure the full benefits of the mighty changes in the history and condition of the people and the Country.

Believing that there can be no true liberty without the supremacy of law, we shall urge a strict and undiscriminating administration of justice.

TAXATION.

We shall support the doctrine of an equitable division of taxation among all classes, a faithful collection of the revenues, economy in the expenditure, conformably with the exigencies of the State or Country and the discharge of every legitimate obligation.

EDUCATION.

We shall sustain the carrying out of the provisions of the act establishing our common school system, and urge as a paramount duty the education of our youth, as vitally connected with their own enlightenment, and the security and stability of a Republican Government.

FINAL.

By a generous, manly, independent, and judicious conduct, we shall strive to rescue our paper, from an ephemeral, and temporary existence, and establish it upon a basis, that if we cannot "command," we shall at all events "deserve" success.

ST. PHILIP STORE,
230... ROYAL STREET....230

CORNER OF ST. PHILIP STREET,

New Orleans.

R. A. CHIAPELLA,
CASH DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
TRIMMINGS AND HATS.
AT AUCTION PRICES.

C. C. NEALY,
GENERAL
RAILROAD AND LABOR AGENCY,
No. 217 Poydras Street,
NEW ORLEANS.

Contractors, Planters, Housekeepers, etc., supplied promptly with most reliable
MALE AND FEMALE HELP.
TERMS CASH.
All orders entrusted to this Agency, appertaining to labor, will receive prompt attention.

Jan. 26, '72-4

G. U. O. O. F.

Regular Meetings of Amos Lodge 1487 on the first & third Thursday of every Month at the corner of St. Peter St. and St. Claude.

W. M. THOMPSON, P. N. G.

L. REIVAS, N. G.

ALEX. JOHNSON, V. G.

JAMES LEVINGTON, Trustee

WM. A. BARON, Secy.

WINGFIELD & COOPER.
PAINTING, GLAZING, CALSSOMINING,
GRANITING, PRESCOOING,
GRADING, SIGN PAINT-
ING, WALL PAPERING.
Office No. 24 Dryades Street,
Near Union Street.

J. P. BOZ, Secretary.

DR. W. BILLE,
OFFICE 9 CARONDELET ST., NEW ORLEANS.

A graduate from the University of Copenhagen, Denmark, and honorary M. D. from the University of Padova, Italy; for several years assistant physician to the celebrated Prof. Ricord, Paris. DR. BILLE has acquired a high reputation as SPECIALIST for all kinds of Sexual diseases, male and female. Private diseases cured after a new, sure and quick method. Painful and Retained Menstruation quickly relieved. Perfect cure always warranted. Letters containing \$5 and stamp will receive prompt attention. All consultations and communications strictly confidential.

Jan 18-6m

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS

A. SIMON'S,
COSMOPOLITAN NEWS DEPOT,
STATIONERY, BOOKS, ETC.

No. 94, Exchange Alley, between
Bienville and Conti Streets, New Orleans.

All the large Northern and Western dailies.

More than one hundred and sixty different publications received and sold.
Subscriptions received to all periodical publications.

Subscribers will be accountable for the subscription as long as they do not send back the paper, or notify otherwise.

THE FREEDMAN'S SAVINGS

—AND—

TRUST COMPANY,

Chartered by the United States
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PRINCIPAL OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

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Bank Hours.....9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

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WHO BUY FIRST CLASS DRY
GOODS

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Will find their money spent more to their
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BRASELMAN & ADAM'S
CASH HOUSE

THAN

ELSEWHERE.

A Glance through their immense stock

—OR—

Silks, Satins, Real Poplins, Plaids, Serge, Merinos, Cashmere, Emp. Cloths, Formos, Arabs, JACKETS, Shawls, Stockings, Cloakings, Cloths, Flannels, Lace, Embroideries, Gloves, Corsets, Velvets, Ribbons, Parasols, Fans, Etc. Etc. Etc.

WILL CONVINCE.

586 Magazine street, cor. St. Andrew,

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MUTUAL INSURANCE COMP.

OFFICE, NO. 120 COMMON STREET.

INSURES FIRE, ARINE
AND RIVER RISKS

AND FIRE LOSSES IN

New Orleans, New York, Liverpool

London, Havre, Paris, or

Bremen, at the option
of the insured.

CHARLES BRIGGS, President

A. GARNIER, Vice-President

J. P. BOZ, Secretary.

Jan 18-6m.

STEAMBOATS.

MERCHANTS' SOUTHERN PACKET
COMPANY.

FOR ST. LOUIS, CAIRO,
MEMPHIS and the Bends—

The steamers of this line will leave as

follows, at 5 P. M.

Giving through bills of lading over the Illinois Central Railroad to all points on Arkansas, White and Cumberland rivers. Through bills of lading and passenger tickets issued to all points on the Upper Mississippi, as high as St. Paul.

Plans of cabin may be seen and state-rooms secured on application to

STEVENSON & VERLANDER,

Agents,

135 Gravier street.

JOHN F. BAKER, President.

Bills of lading over the Illinois Central Railroad signed only at the office of

JAS. T. TUCKER,

26 Carondelet street.

NEW ORLEANS, CHICAGO
AND THE WEST.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD
AND

Blue Line, Via Cairo,

WILL TAKE FREIGHT

From New Orleans on first-class steamers,

LEAVING DAILY, AT 5 P. M., FOR

CAIRO, CHICAGO, AND ALL

POINTS NORTH, WEST AND

EAST, AT THE LOWEST

RATES.

All rates and all through bills of lading from New Orleans by above route given, signed and recognized only at the General Office of the Company, No. 26 Carondelet Street.

Shippers by this route save all drayage and transfer charges at Cairo, and their goods are always under cover, and no charges are made for forwarding.

JAMES T. TUCKER,

General Agent.

BATON ROUGE.

Buy a sash, Cca to Rail-
road, 1000 ft. passenger
per packet

ST. JOHN.

W. R. GREENHOUSE, Master;

JAMES McELROY, Clerk.

Leaves every WEDNESDAY, at 5 P. M.,
and SUNDAY, at 10 A. M.

Returning, leaves Baton Rouge every Monday and Thursday evenings.

For freight or passage apply on board,

or to E. O. MELNICK, 11 Conti street.

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ST. LOUIS AND NEW ORLEANS PACKET
COMPANY.

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Illinois Central Railroad Packets

FOR MEMPHIS, CAIRO
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passenger steamers of this line will leave as follows:

Giving through bills of lading to all

points on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, Nashville and Northwestern Railroad, and Memphis and Ohio Railroad—also to St. Louis.

Through Tickets furnished at lowest rates to all points East, West and North, by all the various routes via Memphis, Cairo and St. Louis. State rooms secured at General Office, 104 Common street.

A. A. WOODS, General Agent,

104 Common Street.

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GREENVILLE, VICKSBURG
AND THE BENDS.

Leaves on THURSDAY, at 5 P. M.

FOR VICKSBURG, DAVIS' Bend

GREENVILLE ARBOLE

Sunny Side, Egg's Point,

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ria, Maryland, Carolina, Pilcher's Point

Skipwith, Lake Providence, Pennsylvania,

Goodrich, Miller, Ross, Dryden,

Vicksburg, Grand Gulf, St. Joseph, Bay

Wade, Wadsworth, Natchez, Bayou San-

Baton Rouge, Plaquemine, Donaldsonville, and all intermediate and Coast landings.

The new and magnificent steamer

KATIE.

Will leave as above, and will land all Coast passengers with their freight.